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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/703,341	10/31/2000	Pascal H. Huart	062891.0495 3088	
7590 03/28/2005			EXAMINER	
Terry J. Stalford, Esq			GAUTHIER, GERALD	
Baker Botts L.L.P. 2001 Ross Avenue			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Dallas, TX 75201-2980			2645	4
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/703,341	HUART ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Gerald Gauthier	2645
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed 0) days will be considered timely. 6 from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 De 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final.	•
Disposition of Claims		
4)	vn from consideration. are rejected.	
Application Papers		·
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by drawing(s) be held in abeyance ion is required if the drawing(s)	. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in App rity documents have been red i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/3/03.	Paper No(s)/M	nmary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1-14, 16-29, 31-44, 46-51 and 53-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'Donovan et al. (US 6,396,908 B1) in view of Yue et al. (US 5,857,013) in further view of Anandakumar et al. (US 6,757,256 B1).

Regarding **claims 1, 31 and 46**, O'Donovan discloses a method for call connected to voice mail (column 1, lines 7-13), comprising:

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generating real-time packets for transmission of a message toward a voice mail system (column 6, line 61 to column 7, line 12) [The voice message is transferred to a data network access device 14 in a real-time packet format via the internet].

O'Donovan discloses the transfer of the voice message to a remote voice mail system but fails to disclose interrupting generation of the real-time packets, resuming generation of the real-time packets.

However, Yue teaches interrupting generation of the real-time packets upon a call answer by a party (column 21, lines 20-30) [The system notifies the subscriber while using the voice mail system that an incoming call is received and the subscriber accepts the call and the system interrupts the service of the voice mail system]; and

resuming generation of the real-time packets for transmission after a delay associated with the call answer (column 21, lines 20-30) [The system resumes the service of the voice mail system for the subscriber at the departure point of the voice mail service so there is no lost in the voice message].

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify O'Donovan using the interrupting generation of the real-time packets and resuming generation of the real-time packets as taught by Yue.

This modification of the invention would offer the capability of interrupting generation of the real-time packets and resuming generation of the real-time packets so that the user would not miss calls.

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O'Donovan discloses the transfer of the voice message to a remote voice mail system but fails to disclose indicating to the voicemail system that the real-time packets generated subsequent to the delay follow the real-time packets.

However, Anandakumar teaches indicating to the voicemail system that the real-time packets generated subsequent to the delay follow the real-time packets generated prior to the delay in the message by a time amount less than the delay (column 18, line 61 to column 19, line 19) [The 5B embodiment receives the indication from the source machine the delay in time of the received packets and proceeds to correct by initiating the Spike mode to recognize the arrived packets].

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify O'Donovan using the indicating that the packets generated subsequent to the delay as taught by Anandakumar.

This modification of the invention would offer the capability of indicating that the real-time packets generated subsequent to the delay so that the subscriber would listen the full messages when retrieving its messages.

Regarding **claims 2, 17, 32 and 47**, Anandakumar teaches transmitting the real-time packets as they are generated (column 16, lines 53-63).

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Regarding **claims 3, 18, 33 and 48**, Anandakumar teaches indicating to the voice mail system that the real-time packets generated subsequent to the delay follow substantially immediately the real-time packets generated prior to the delay in the message (column 18, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claims 4, 19, 34 and 49**, Anandakumar teaches indicating to the voice mail system that the real-time packets generated subsequent to the delay immediately follow the real-time packets generated prior to the delay in the message (column 18, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claims 5, 20, 35 and 50,** Anandakumar teaches an in-band notification (column 18, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claims 6, 21 and 36**, Anandakumar teaches the in-band notification comprises timing indicators in the real-time packets (column 18, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claims 7, 22 and 37**, Anandakumar teaches the timing indicators comprise time stamps (column 18, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claims 8, 23 and 38**, Anandakumar teaches the timing indicators comprise sequence numbers (column 15, lines 22-36).

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Regarding **claims 9, 24 and 39**, Anandakumar teaches an out-of band signal between a device generating the real-time packets and the voice mail system (column 15, lines 37-47).

Regarding claims 10, 25, 40 and 57, Anandakumar teaches the packets comprise real-time transport protocol packets (column 15, lines 22-36).

Regarding **claims 11, 26, 41 and 56**, Anandakumar teaches a time stamp and sequence number operable to indicate to the voice mail system that the packets generated subsequent to the delay follow substantially immediately the packets generated prior to the delay in the message (column 18, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claims 12, 27, 42 and 51**, Anandakumar teaches generating the real-time packets for transmission of the message after the delay based on the value of the timing indicator (column 18, lines 61-67).

storing a value of a timing indicator upon the call answer by the party generating the message (column 15, lines 22-36).

Regarding **claims 13, 28 and 43**, Anandakumar teaches generating a first real-time packet after the delay using the value of the timing indicator and generating each successive real-time packet by incrementing the timing indicator of the previous packet (column 18, lines 61-67).

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Regarding **claims 14, 29 and 44**, Anandakumar teaches including the value of the timing indicator in the first real-time packet after the delay (column 18, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claims 16 and 59**, O'Donovan, Yue and Anandakumar disclose all the limitations of **claim 16** stated in **claim 1**'s rejection above and O'Donovan furthermore discloses logic encoded in media (column 6, lines 61-67) [The data network process 14 includes the logic to transmit the voice message packet to the voice mail system].

Regarding **claim 53**, O'Donovan discloses the non real time application comprises an application recording the information stream (column 6, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claim 54**, O'Donovan discloses the intervening event comprises an intervening connection (column 6, lines 48-60).

Regarding **claim 55**, O'Donovan discloses the information stream comprises an audio stream (column 6, lines 61-67).

Regarding **claim 58**, O'Donovan discloses establishing a connection with the non real-time application (column 6, lines 61-67); and

receiving a notification from the non real-time application that it comprises a non real-time application (column 6, lines 61-67).

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Regarding claim 60, O'Donovan, Yue and Anandakumar disclose all the limitations of claim 60 in the rejection of claim 1 above and furthermore O'Donovan discloses a transmission medium (40 on FIG. 1).

Regarding claim 61, O'Donovan, Yue and Anandakumar disclose all the limitations of claim 61 as stated in claim 1's rejection above and furthermore Anandakumar teaches storing a time stamp value and a sequence number value upon interrupting generation of the packets (column 15, lines 22-36) [The packet loss rate threshold and threshold 2 are selected for the calculation of time stamp and sequence number stored in the real-time voice packets].

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify O'Donovan using the storing a time stamp value and a sequence number value upon interrupting generation of the packets as taught by Anandakumar.

This modification of the invention would offer the capability of storing a time stamp value and a sequence number value upon interrupting generation of the packets so that the subscriber would listen the full messages when retrieving its messages.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 15, 30, 45 and 52 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Response to Arguments

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5. Applicant's arguments with respect to **claims 1-61** have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gerald Gauthier whose telephone number is (703) 305-0981. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fan Tsang can be reached on (703) 305-4895. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GERALD GAUTHIER PATENT EXAMINER

g.g. November 19, 2004 FAN TSANG SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600